Name:___

Amherst College DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS Math 12 Midterm Exam #1 February 23, 2011

• This is a closed-book examination. No books, notes, calculators, cell phones, communication devices of any sort, or other aids are permitted.

• You need *not* simplify algebraically complicated answers. However, numerical answers such as $\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)$, $4^{\frac{3}{2}}$, $e^{\ln 4}$, $\ln(e^7)$, or $e^{3\ln 3}$ should be simplified.

• Please *show* all of your work and *justify* all of your answers. (You may use the backs of pages for additional work space.)

Problem	Score	Possible Points
1		30
2		30
3		40
Total		100

1. [30 Points] Evaluate each of the following **limits**. Please justify your answers. Be clear if the limit equals a value, $+\infty$ or $-\infty$, or Does Not Exist.

(a) $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{xe^x - x}{x\sin(3x)}$

(b)
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(1 - \frac{3}{x}\right)^x$$

1. (Continued) Evaluate the following limit. Please justify your answer. Be clear if the limit equals a value, $+\infty$ or $-\infty$, or Does Not Exist.

(c) $\lim_{x \to \infty} (e^x + x)^{\frac{1}{x}}$

2. [30 Points] Compute each of the following definite integrals. Please simplify your answer.

(a)
$$\int_{1}^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} \, dx$$

(b)
$$\int_0^{\ln 7} \tanh x \, dx$$

 ${\bf 2.} \ ({\rm Continued}) \quad {\rm Compute \ the \ following \ definite \ integral.} \ {\rm Please \ simplify \ your \ answer.}$

(c)
$$\int_{1}^{e} (\ln x)^2 dx$$

3. [40 Points] Compute each of the following **indefinite integrals**.

(a)
$$\int \left(x + \frac{1}{e^{3x}}\right)^2 dx$$

(b)
$$\int x \arctan x \, dx$$

 $\textbf{3.} (\text{Continued}) \quad \text{Compute the following indefinite integral}.$

(c)
$$\int \frac{1}{(x^2+4)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$$

 $\textbf{3.} (\text{Continued}) \quad \text{Compute the following indefinite integral}.$

(d)
$$\int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx$$

OPTIONAL BONUS

Do not attempt these unless you are completely done with the rest of the exam.

OPTIONAL BONUS #1 Compute the following **indefinite integral**.

 $1. \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{e^x - 1}} \, dx$

OPTIONAL BONUS #2 Compute the following **indefinite integral**.

$$2. \int \frac{xe^x}{\sqrt{1+e^x}} dx$$