

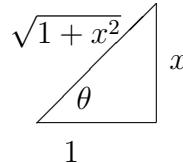
Homework #7Due **Wednesday, February 21st** in Gradescope by 11:59 pm ET**Goal:** Exploring Trigonometric Integrals and Trigonometric Substitution**FIRST:** Read through and understand the following two Examples.

Ex:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{1}{[1+x^2]^{\frac{7}{2}}} dx &= \int \frac{1}{(1+\tan^2 \theta)^{\frac{7}{2}}} \cdot \sec^2 \theta d\theta &= \int \frac{1}{(\sec^2 \theta)^{\frac{7}{2}}} \cdot \sec^2 \theta d\theta \\
 &= \int \frac{1}{(\sqrt{\sec^2 \theta})^7} \cdot \sec^2 \theta d\theta &= \int \frac{1}{(\sec \theta)^7} \cdot \sec^2 \theta d\theta \\
 &= \int \frac{\sec^2 \theta}{\sec^7 \theta} d\theta &= \int \frac{1}{\sec^5 \theta} d\theta \\
 &= \int \cos^5 \theta d\theta &= \int \cos^4 \theta \cos \theta d\theta \\
 &= \int (1 - \sin^2 \theta)^2 \cos \theta d\theta &= \int (1 - w^2)^2 dw \\
 &= \int 1 - 2w^2 + w^4 dw &= w - \frac{2w^3}{3} + \frac{w^5}{5} + C \\
 &= \sin \theta - \frac{2 \sin^3 \theta}{3} + \frac{\sin^5 \theta}{5} + C \\
 &= \boxed{\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} - \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} \right)^3 + \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}} \right)^5 + C}
 \end{aligned}$$

Trig. Sub

$$\begin{aligned}
 x &= \tan \theta \\
 dx &= \sec^2 \theta d\theta
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 w &= \sin \theta \\
 dw &= \cos \theta d\theta
 \end{aligned}$$

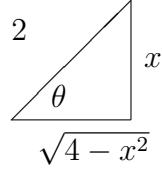
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Ex:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \int \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{4-x^2}} dx &= \int \frac{(2\sin\theta)^2}{\sqrt{4-4\sin^2\theta}} 2\cos\theta d\theta = \int \frac{4\sin^2\theta}{\sqrt{4(1-\sin^2\theta)}} 2\cos\theta d\theta \\
 &= 4 \int \frac{\sin^2\theta}{\sqrt{4\cos^2\theta}} 2\cos\theta d\theta = 4 \int \frac{\sin^2\theta}{2\cos\theta} 2\cos\theta d\theta \\
 &= 4 \int \sin^2\theta d\theta &= 4 \int \frac{1-\cos(2\theta)}{2} d\theta \\
 &= 2 \int 1 - \cos(2\theta) d\theta &= 2 \left(\theta - \frac{\sin(2\theta)}{2} \right) + C \\
 &= 2 \left(\theta - \frac{2\sin\theta\cos\theta}{2} \right) + C &= 2(\theta - \sin\theta\cos\theta) + C \\
 &= \boxed{2 \left[\arcsin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) - \left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{4-x^2}}{2}\right) \right] + C}
 \end{aligned}$$

Trig. Substitute

$$\begin{cases} x = 2\sin\theta \\ dx = 2\cos\theta d\theta \end{cases}$$



Compute each of the following Integrals. Simplify.

1. $\int \sin^2 x \cos^3 x dx$
2. $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^5 x dx$
3. $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos^2 \theta d\theta$

4. $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^2 x \cos^2 x dx$
5. $\int x \sin^2 x dx$
6. $\int_0^1 x^3 \sqrt{1-x^2} dx$ use Trig Sub

7. $\int \sqrt{9-x^2} dx$
8. $\int \frac{1}{(4+x^2)^{\frac{5}{2}}} dx$
9. $\int x \arcsin x dx$

REGULAR OFFICE HOURS

Monday: 12:00–3:00 pm

6:00–7:30 pm TA Gretta, SMUDD 208

Tuesday: 1:00–4:00 pm

7:30–9:00 pm TA Aidee, SMUDD 208

9–10:30 pm TA Natalie, SMUDD 208

Wednesday: 1:00–3:00 pm

7:30–9:00 pm TA Gretta, SMUDD 208

Thursday: none for Professor

7:30–9:00 pm TA Aidee, SMUDD 208

9:00–10:30 pm TA Natalie, SMUDD 208

Friday: 12:00–2:00 pm

This is the end of exam #1 material

Go to office hours and also you're welcome at Math Fellow TA hours