- Please see the course webpage for the answer key.
- **1.** Find the sum of the following series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{6^{n+1}}{5^{3n-1}}$
- 2. Use the Integral Test to determine and state whether the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\ln r}{n^2}$ converges or diverges. Justify all of your work.
- **3.** In each case determine whether the given series **converges**, or **diverges**. Name any convergence test(s) you use, and justify all of your work.

a.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^3}{n^7 + 2n + 3}$$

b.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(1 - \frac{2}{n^2}\right)^{n^2}$$

C.
$$\sum_{n=4}^{\infty} \frac{n}{n^{\frac{3}{2}} - 6}$$

d.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3n^4 + n - 1}{n^5 + n^2 + 3}$$

e.
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2 + \sqrt{n}}{n^7 + 9}$$

$$\mathbf{f.} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \; (-1)^n \; \frac{(2n)!}{5^n (n!)^2}$$