

Quiz #3 Final Answers

Spring 2021

$$1. \int_{-1}^5 \frac{7}{x^2 - 3x - 10} dx = \int_{-1}^5 \frac{7}{(x-5)(x+2)} dx$$

improper

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow 5^-} \int_{-1}^t \frac{7}{(x-5)(x+2)} dx$$

PFD

$$\frac{7}{(x-5)(x+2)} = \frac{A}{x-5} + \frac{B}{x+2}$$

PFD

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow 5^-} \int_{-1}^t \left(\frac{1}{x-5} - \frac{1}{x+2} \right) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} 7 &= A(x+2) + B(x-5) \\ &= Ax + 2A + Bx - 5B \\ &= (A+B)x + (2A - 5B) \end{aligned}$$

$$\cdot A + B = 0 \Rightarrow B = -A$$

$$\cdot 2A - 5B = 7 \quad \checkmark$$

$$2A - 5(-A) = 7$$

$$7A = 7$$

$$A = 1 \Rightarrow B = -1$$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow 5^-} \left| \ln|x-5| - \ln|x+2| \right|_{-1}^t$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \lim_{t \rightarrow 5^-} \left[\cancel{\ln|t-5|}^{10 \rightarrow 0^+} - \cancel{\ln|t+2|}^{\ln 7} - \left[\cancel{\ln 6}^{\text{Finite}} - \cancel{\ln 1}^0 \right] \right]^0_{-\infty} \\ &\quad \text{Finite} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \boxed{-\infty} \quad \text{Diverges}$$

$$2. \int_{-\infty}^4 \frac{8}{x^2 - 4x + 8} dx = \lim_{t \rightarrow -\infty} \int_t^4 \frac{8}{x^2 - 4x + 8} dx$$

 Improper

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow -\infty} 8 \int_t^4 \frac{1}{(x-2)^2 + 4} dx$$

$$x^2 - 4x + 4$$

$$\begin{aligned} u &= x-2 \\ du &= dx \end{aligned}$$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow -\infty} 8 \int_{t-2}^2 \frac{1}{u^2 + 4} du \quad \text{a-rule}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= t \Rightarrow u = t-2 \\ x &= 4 \Rightarrow u = 4-2 = 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow -\infty} 8 \left(\frac{1}{2} \arctan \left(\frac{u}{2} \right) \right) \Big|_{t-2}^2$$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow -\infty} 4 \left[\arctan \left(\frac{2}{2} \right) \Big|_{-\infty}^{\pi/4} - \arctan \left(\frac{t-2}{2} \right) \Big|_{-\infty}^{-\pi/2} \right]$$

$$= 4 \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) = 4 \left(\frac{3\pi}{4} \right) = \boxed{3\pi}$$

$$3. \int_0^1 x^4 \cdot \ln x \, dx = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} \int_t^1 x^4 \cdot \ln x \, dx = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{x^5}{5} \ln x \Big|_t^1 - \frac{1}{5} \int_t^1 x^4 \, dx$$

IBP

IBP

$u = \ln x \quad dv = x^4 dx$	$du = \frac{1}{x} dx \quad v = \frac{x^5}{5}$
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$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{x^5}{5} \ln x \Big|_t^1 - \frac{x^5}{25} \Big|_t^1$$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{5} \ln t - \left(\frac{1}{25} - \frac{t^5}{25} \right) \stackrel{D}{=} -\frac{1}{25}$$

See (*)

0 · (-∞)

$$(*) \lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} t^5 \cdot \ln t = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\ln t}{\frac{1}{t^5}} \stackrel{-\infty}{\frac{-\infty}{\infty}}$$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{1}{t}}{\frac{-5}{t^6}} \stackrel{-t^6}{\frac{1}{-5}}$$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-t^5}{5} \stackrel{D}{=} 0$$