

# Homework # 15 Final Answers

## Section 11.8

7.  $I = (-\infty, \infty)$   
 $R = \infty$

8.  $I = \{0\}$   
 $R = 0$

9.  $I = [-4, 4]$   
 $R = 4$

13.  $I = [-2, 2)$   
 $R = 2$

19.  $I = (-\infty, \infty)$   
 $R = \infty$

23.  $I = \left\{\frac{1}{2}\right\}$   
 $R = 0$

25.  $I = \left[\frac{3}{5}, 1\right]$   
 $R = \frac{1}{5}$

## Section 11.9

Didn't ask for R here

3.  $\frac{1}{1+x} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n x^n$

and  $I = (-1, 1)$

4.  $\frac{5}{1-4x^2} = 5 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 4^n \cdot x^{2n}$

and  $I = (-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$

5.  $\frac{2}{3-x} = 2 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{3^{n+1}}$

and  $I = (-3, 3)$

7.  $\frac{x^2}{x^4+16} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n x^{4n+2}}{16^{n+1}}$

and  $I = (-2, 2)$

Note: Remember GST automatically gives Diverge at endpoints.

↳ That's very helpful!