

Quiz #2 Answer Key

$$1(a) \quad f(x) = \sqrt{\cos\left(3x^2 - \frac{1}{x^8}\right)}$$

prep - x⁻⁸

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{\cos\left(3x^2 - \frac{1}{x^8}\right)}} \cdot \left(-\sin\left(3x^2 - \frac{1}{x^8}\right)\right) \cdot \left(6x - 8x^{-9}\right)$$

$$1(b) \quad f(x) = \sin(x^2) \cdot \tan(3x)$$

$$f'(x) = \sin(x^2) \cdot \sec^2(3x) \cdot (3) + \tan(3x) \cdot \cos(x^2) \cdot (2x)$$

$$1(c) \quad f(x) = \sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = (\sin x)^2 + (\cos x)^2$$

$$f'(x) = 2\sin x \cdot \cos x + 2\cos x \cdot (-\sin x) = 2\sin x \cos x - 2\sin x \cos x = 0 \quad \text{Match!}$$

or Note: $f(x) = \sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1$ Constant $\Rightarrow f'(x) = 0$ for free

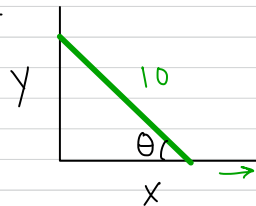
$$2. \quad f(x) = \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{(1 + \cos x) \cdot \cos x - \sin x \cdot (-\sin x)}{(1 + \cos x)^2} = \frac{\cos x + \cos^2 x + \sin^2 x}{(1 + \cos x)^2}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x + 1}{(1 + \cos x)^2} = \frac{1}{1 + \cos x}$$

$$f'\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \frac{1}{1 + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{3}\right)} = \frac{1}{\frac{3}{2}} = \frac{2}{3}$$

3. Diagram



Variables

Let x = Distance from Bottom of Ladder to Wall

y = Distance from Top of Ladder to Ground

θ = Angle Formed between Ladder and Ground

Given $\frac{dy}{dt} = -1 \text{ ft/sec}$ Decreasing y

Find $\frac{d\theta}{dt} = ?$ when $y = 5$

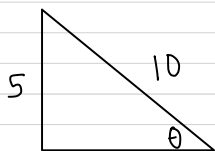
Equation $\sin \theta = \frac{y}{10}$

Differentiate

$$\frac{d}{dt}(\sin \theta) = \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{y}{10}\right)$$

$$\cos \theta \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{1}{10} \cdot \frac{dy}{dt}$$

Extra Solvable Information



$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{10^2 - 5^2} = \sqrt{100 - 25} = \sqrt{75} = \sqrt{25 \cdot 3} = 5\sqrt{3}$$

Substitute Key Moment Info

$$\hookrightarrow \cos \theta = \frac{\sqrt{75}}{10} \quad \frac{A}{H}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{75}}{10} \cdot \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{1}{10} (-1) \quad \xrightarrow{\frac{10}{\sqrt{75}}}$$

Solve $\frac{d\theta}{dt} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{75}}$ Radians/Second

Answer

The angle between the ladder and the ground is decreasing at a rate of $\frac{1}{\sqrt{75}}$ Radians per Second at that moment.

4. Let $f(x) = \sin x + \cos(2x)$

$$f'(x) = \cos x - 2\sin(2x)$$

$$f'\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) - 2\sin\left(2 \cdot \frac{\pi}{6}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{2} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

Common Denominator