HOMEWORK #14 (Exam 2 Review Packet) Due Wednesday March 29th in Gradescope by 11:59 pm ET

Limit Definition of the Definite Integral

- 1. Compute $\int_{-1}^{3} 2 3x^2 dx$ using two different methods:
- (a) Fundamental Theorem of Calculus and
- (b) Limit Definition.

Differentiation

2. Compute
$$g''(x)$$
 where $g(x) = \int_x^7 \sqrt{1 - \cos(2t)} dt$

Integration Evaluate each of the following integrals. Simplify if possible.

3.
$$\int x^7 (30 - x^8)^6 dx$$
 4. $\int_{\pi}^{3\pi} \cos\left(\frac{x}{6}\right) dx$

5.
$$\int 7\cos(5x) - 5\sin(7x) dx$$
 6. $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\sin x}{(7 + \cos x)^2} dx$

7.
$$\int_{4}^{9} \frac{\sqrt{x} - x^2}{x} dx$$
 8. $\int_{2}^{3} \frac{1}{x^2} \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{x}\right) dx$

9.
$$\int \frac{\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{x}(\sqrt{x}+4)^2} dx$$
 10. $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{3}} \tan^3 x \cdot \sec^2 x dx$

11.
$$\int x \left(\sqrt{x^2+1} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+1}}\right) dx$$
 12. $\int x(x+1)^{14} dx$

Displacement-Total Distance

13. Suppose that the velocity of a moving particle is $v(t) = t^2 - 11t + 24$ feet per second.

- Sketch both v(t) and |v(t)| and the bounded area(s)
- Write the cases definition for |v(t)|.

• Set-up, but do NOT compute, the Definite Integrals that compute both the Displacement and Total Distance it travels between time t = 0 and t = 8 seconds.

REGULAR OFFICE HOURS Monday: 12:00–3:00 pm Tuesday: 1:00–4:00 pm 7:30–9:00 pm TA Ellerman, SMUDD 204 Wednesday: 1:00-3:00 pm Thursday: none for Professor 7:30–9:000 pm TA Ellerman, SMUDD 207 Friday: 12:00–2:00 pm

• Check the pacing, and aim to improve the response to the integration technique.