## Math 106 Midterm Exam #3 April 18, 2018

- This is a closed-book examination. No books, notes, calculators, cell phones, communication devices of any sort, webpages, or other aids are permitted.
- Simplify numerical answers such as  $\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)$ ,  $\ln(e^3)$ ,  $e^{2\ln 3}$  and  $4^{\frac{3}{2}}$ .
- $\bullet$  Please show all of your work and justify all of your answers. (You may use the backs of pages for additional work space.)
- 1. [28 Points] Compute each of the following derivatives.
- (a) y' where  $y = \ln\left(\frac{\ln x \sqrt{1 + e^x}}{(4 x^6)^3 e^{-\cos x}}\right)$  Do not simplify your final answer here.
- (b)  $\frac{d}{dx} (\cos x)^{\sin x}$
- (c)  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  where  $y = \ln(\ln(\ln(e^x))) + \frac{e}{\ln x} + \frac{\ln x}{e} + (\ln x \cdot e^x) + \ln(xe^x)$
- (d)  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  where  $y = e^{\ln(\ln x)} + \ln(e^5) + e^{\ln x} + 5^{\ln e}$
- **2.** [12 Points]
- (a) Find the Absolute Maximum and/or Minimum Values for the function  $f(x) = \frac{x+2}{e^x}$ .
- (b) At what point on the curve  $y = [\ln(x+4)]^2$  is the tangent line horizontal?
- 3. [8 Points] Sketch the graphs for each of the following functions. For each, state both the Domain and the Range.
- (a)  $f(x) = e^x$
- (b)  $f(x) = \ln x$

4. [40 Points] Evaluate each of the following integrals. Simplify.

(a) 
$$\int \frac{1}{x^3 e^{\frac{1}{x^2}}} dx$$

(b) 
$$\int_{1}^{\sqrt{6}} \frac{x}{7 - x^2} dx$$

(c) 
$$\int_{e^3}^{e^8} \frac{4}{x\sqrt{1+\ln x}} dx$$

(d) 
$$\int_{-3}^{-1} \frac{1-x}{x^2} dx$$

(e) Show that 
$$\int_{\frac{\pi}{18}}^{\frac{\pi}{9}} \tan(3x) \ dx = \boxed{\frac{\ln 3}{6}}$$

(f) Show that 
$$\int_0^{\ln 2} \left( e^x + \frac{1}{e^{2x}} \right)^2 dx = \boxed{\frac{175}{64}}$$

**5.** [6 Points] Find the function 
$$f(x)$$
 that satsifies  $f'(x) = \frac{1}{e^{2x} (1 - 2e^{-2x})^2}$  and  $f(0) = -1$ .

**6.** [6 Points] Consider 
$$y = \ln x$$
. Prove that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x}$ .