Math 105, Fall 2013

Worksheet 9, Tuesday, November 12, 2013

1. A conical tank, 18 feet across the entire top and 10 feet deep, is leaking water at 9 cubic feet per minute. How fast is the height of the water decreasing when the water level is 1 foot?

**Recall the volume of the cone is given by $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$.

NOTE: You should use similar triangles to find a relationship between the radius and the height at general time t.

2. Write out the definition of a **Critical Number** for a function f(x).

3. Find the critical numbers for $f(x) = x\sqrt{1-x}$.

4. Find the critical numbers for $f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 1}{x + 3}$

5. Find the critical numbers for $f(x) = x^{\frac{3}{4}} - 2x^{\frac{1}{4}}$

Recall: the **Extreme Value Theorem** states that a continuous function on a bounded interval is guaranteed **both** an absolute maximum and minimum value on that interval.

Question: How do we find those values? Answer: We use the Closed Interval Method.

Closed Interval Method Supposed that a function f is a continuous function on a closed/bounded interval. To find the absolute maximum and minimum value(s) of f:

Step 1: Find the critical numbers for f in the interval.

Step 2: Evaluate the function f at the critical numbers from Step 1.

Step 3: Evaluate the function f at the endpoints.

Step 4: Pick off the **largest** of these values from Steps 2 and 3, as the Absolute Maximum Value. Then pick off the **smallest** of these values in Steps 2 and 3, as the Absolute Minimum Value.

6. Find the absolute maximum and absolute minumum value(s) of the function

$$F(x) = x^3 - 3x^2$$
 on the interval $[-1, 1]$.

7. Find the absolute maximum and absolute minumum value(s) of the function

$$G(x) = (x - 1)^2 (x - 9)^2$$
 on the interval [0, 8].

8. Find the absolute maximum and absolute minumum value(s) of the function

$$H(x) = \frac{10x}{x^2 + 1}$$
 on the interval [0, 2].

Turn in your own solutions.