

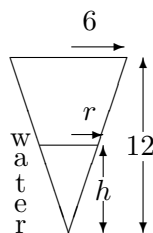
### Extra Example for Related Rates

Professor D. Benedetto, Math 105

1. A conical reservoir, 12 ft. deep and also 12 ft. across the top is being filled with water at the rate of 5 cubic feet per minute. How fast is the water rising when it is 4 feet deep?

The cross section (with water level drawn in) looks like:

- Diagram



- Variables

Let  $r$  = radius of the water level at time  $t$

Let  $h$  = height of the water level at time  $t$

Let  $V$  = volume of the water in the tank at time  $t$

Find  $\frac{dh}{dt} = ?$  when  $h = 4$  feet

$$\text{and } \frac{dV}{dt} = 5 \frac{\text{ft}^3}{\text{sec}}$$

- Equation relating the variables:

$$\text{Volume} = V = \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2 h$$

- Extra solvable information: Note that  $r$  is not mentioned in the problem's info. But there is a relationship, via similar triangles, between  $r$  and  $h$ . We must have

$$\frac{r}{6} = \frac{h}{12} \implies r = \frac{h}{2}$$

After substituting into our previous equation, we get:

$$V = \frac{1}{3}\pi \left(\frac{h}{2}\right)^2 h = \frac{1}{12}\pi h^3 \quad \text{Now the equation is in terms of just } V \text{ and } h.$$

- Differentiate both sides w.r.t. time  $t$ .

$$\frac{d}{dt}(V) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{1}{12}\pi h^3 \right) \implies \frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{1}{12}\pi \cdot 3h^2 \cdot \frac{dh}{dt} \implies \frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{1}{4}\pi h^2 \frac{dh}{dt} \quad (\text{Related Rates!})$$

- Substitute Key Moment Information (now and not before now!!!):

$$5 = \frac{1}{4}\pi(4)^2 \frac{dh}{dt}$$

- Solve for the desired quantity:

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{5 \cdot 4}{16\pi} = \frac{5}{4\pi} \frac{\text{ft}}{\text{sec}}$$

- Answer the question: The water is rising at a rate of  $\frac{5}{4\pi}$  feet every second at that moment.

(Notice this problem the tank is filling, if it were leaking, just change the signs on the change of volume information.)