

ANSWER KEY

Math 105

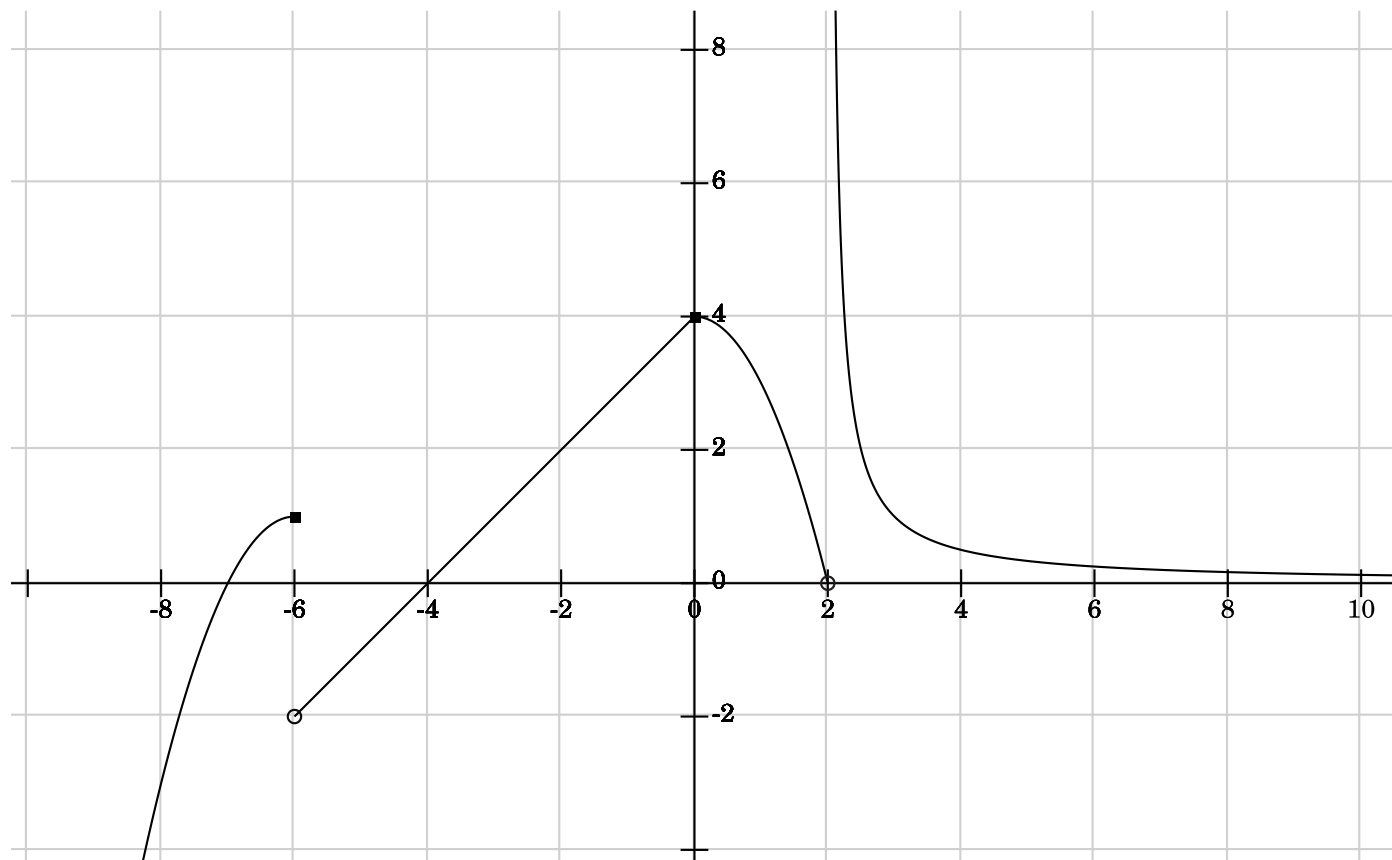
Quiz #4

September 30, 2013

1. [10 Points] Consider the function defined by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{x-2} & \text{if } x > 2 \\ 4 - x^2 & \text{if } 0 \leq x < 2 \\ x + 4 & \text{if } -6 < x < 0 \\ 1 - (x + 6)^2 & \text{if } x \leq -6 \end{cases}$$

Graph $f(x)$.



Answer the following questions. Justify your answers.

$$(a) \lim_{x \rightarrow -6} f(x) = \boxed{\text{DNE b/c RHL} \neq \text{LHL}}$$

$$\text{RHL: } \lim_{x \rightarrow -6^+} f(x) = -2$$

$$\text{LHL: } \lim_{x \rightarrow -6^-} f(x) = 1$$

$$(b) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = \boxed{4} \quad \text{b/c RHL} = \text{LHL}$$

$$\text{RHL: } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = 4$$

$$\text{LHL: } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x) = 4$$

$$(c) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) = \boxed{\text{DNE b/c RHL} \neq \text{LHL}}$$

$$\text{RHL: } \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) = +\infty$$

$$\text{LHL: } \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) = 0$$

2. [10 Points] Compute each of the following limits. Justify your answers. Be clear if the limit equals a value, $+\infty$, $-\infty$, or Does Not Exist.

$$(a) \lim_{x \rightarrow 7} \frac{3-x}{x-7} \boxed{\text{DNE b/c RHL} \neq \text{LHL}}$$

$$\text{RHL: } \lim_{x \rightarrow 7^+} \frac{3-x}{x-7} = \frac{-4}{0^+} = -\infty$$

$$\text{LHL: } \lim_{x \rightarrow 7^-} \frac{3-x}{x-7} = \frac{-4}{0^-} = +\infty$$

$$(b) \lim_{x \rightarrow -7} \frac{x+7}{x^2+x+1} \stackrel{\text{DSP}}{=} \frac{0}{43} = \boxed{0}$$

$$(c) \lim_{x \rightarrow -7} \frac{x+7}{x^2+2x-35} \stackrel{0}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow -7} \frac{x+7}{(x+7)(x-5)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -7} \frac{1}{x-5} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{12}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (d) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\sqrt{x+7}-3}{x^2-3x+2} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\sqrt{x+7}-3}{x^2-3x+2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x+7}+3}{\sqrt{x+7}+3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(x+7)-9}{(x^2-3x+2)(\sqrt{x+7}+3)} \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x-2}{(x-2)(x-1)(\sqrt{x+7}+3)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{1}{(x-1)(\sqrt{x+7}+3)} \stackrel{\text{L.L.}}{=} \frac{1}{\sqrt{9}+3} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{9}+3} = \boxed{\frac{1}{6}} \end{aligned}$$

$$(e) \lim_{x \rightarrow -7} \frac{1-x}{x+7} \stackrel{1}{=} \lim_{x \rightarrow -7} \frac{8-(1-x)}{x+7} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -7} \frac{7+x}{x+7}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow -7} \frac{7+x}{(1-x)(8)} \cdot \frac{1}{x+7} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -7} \frac{1}{(1-x)(8)} = \frac{1}{(1-(-7))(8)} = \frac{1}{(8)(8)} = \boxed{\frac{1}{64}}$$

$$(f) \lim_{x \rightarrow 7} \frac{x-7}{|x-7|} \quad \boxed{\text{DNE b/c LHL} \neq \text{RHL}}$$

$$\text{Recall } |x-7| = \begin{cases} x-7 & x-7 \geq 0 \\ -(x-7) & x-7 < 0 \end{cases} = \begin{cases} x-7 & x \geq 7 & \longleftarrow \text{RHL} \\ -(x-7) & x < 7 & \longleftarrow \text{LHL} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{RHL: } \lim_{x \rightarrow 7^+} \frac{x-7}{|x-7|} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 7^+} \frac{x-7}{x-7} = 1$$

$$\text{LHL: } \lim_{x \rightarrow 7^-} \frac{x-7}{|x-7|} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 7^-} \frac{x-7}{-(x-7)} = -1$$