• This is a closed-book examination. No books, notes, calculators, cell phones, communication devices of any sort, or webpages, or other aids are permitted.

• Please *show* all of your work and *justify* all of your answers.

# Critical Numbers

- 1. Find critical numbers for the function  $f(x) = x^{\frac{1}{3}}(8-x)$ .
- 2. Find critical numbers for the function  $f(x) = \frac{2x^3 + x^2 1}{x^3}$ .

### Absolute Extreme Values

3. Find the absolute maximum and absolute minimum values of

$$F(x) = x\sqrt{4-x^2}$$
 on  $[-1,2]$ .

4. Find the absolute maximum and absolute minimum values of

$$G(x) = x^3 + 6x^2 - 1$$
 on  $[-1, 1]$ .

### **Related Rates**

- 5. Suppose a 20 foot ladder is sliding down a vertical wall. The base of the ladder is sliding on the level ground, away from the wall, at 2 feet per second. At what rate is the top of the ladder sliding down after 5 seconds has passed?
- 6. A conical paper cup of water is 4 inches across the top and 5 inches deep. It has a hole in the bottom point and is leaking water at 2 inches per second. At what rate is the height of the water decreasing when the water height is 1 inch?

## Limits at Infinity

7. Compute each of the following limits at infinity. Please show your work.

(a) 
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^3 - 5x^2 - 90}{-9x^3 - 6x^2 + 4}$$
  
(b)  $\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^2 - x + 1}{2x^5 + 7x^2 + 3}$   
(c)  $\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{x^{99} + 99}{100x^{98} + x + 97}$ 

**Curve Sketching** For each of the following functions, discuss domain, vertical and horizontal asymptotes, intervals of increase or decrease, local extreme value(s), concavity, and inflection point(s). Then use this information to present a detailed and labelled sketch of the curve.

- 8.  $f(x) = x^4 6x^2$
- 9.  $f(x) = \frac{3x^2}{1-x^2}$ . Take my word for it that (you do NOT have to compute these)

$$f'(x) = \frac{6x}{(1-x^2)^2}$$
 and  $f''(x) = \frac{6(1+3x^2)}{(1-x^2)^3}$ 

#### Position, Velocity, Acceleration

10. A ball is thrown straight upward from the ground with initial velocity  $v_0 = 96$  feet per second. The height of the ball at time t is given by the position function  $s(t) = -16t^2 + 96t$  feet in t seconds.

Answer the following questions:

- (a) What is the maximum height attained?
- (b) Find the velocity with which the ball hits the ground upon its return, at impact.
- (c) How much time has passed before the ball returned to the ground?
- (d) When is the ball 128 feet above the ground?