• This is a closed-book examination. No books, notes, calculators, cell phones, communication devices of any sort, webpages, or other aids are permitted.

• Simplify your answers if required.

• Please *show* all of your work and *justify* all of your answers. (You may use the backs of pages for additional work space.)

1. [10 Points] Suppose that f and g are functions, and

• $\lim_{x \to 3} f(x) = 9$ • g(x) is continuous at x = 7• f(3) = -5• f(x) is continuous at x = 4

Evaluate the following quantities and fully justify your answers. Do not just put down a value:

- (a) f(4) =
- (b) $\lim_{x \to 7} g(x) =$
- (c) Compute $g \circ f(4) =$
- (d) Is f(x) continuous at x = 3? Why or why not? Use math notation.

2. [35 Points] Compute the derivative of each of the following functions. For these problems, you do **NOT** need to simplify your derivative.

(a) $y = \frac{5}{6}x + x^{\frac{5}{6}} + \sqrt{5x+6} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{5x+6}}$. (b) $y = \left(\frac{x}{3} + \frac{5}{x^8}\right)^9$ (c) $f(x) = \left(x^2 - \frac{5}{x^2}\right)(3x + \sqrt{x})$ (d) $y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 - 5x + 3}}$ (e) $y = \left(\frac{1}{x^3} + 7x\right)^{\frac{5}{7}} \left(x^4 - \frac{1}{x^7}\right)^{-5}$ (f) $f(x) = \left(\frac{2\sqrt{x} + x^3}{x^{\frac{2}{3}} + \frac{2}{3}x}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}}$ **3.** [10 Points] Find the equation of the tangent line to this curve $y = \sqrt{x + (x^2 + 1)^3}$ at the point where x = 1.

4. [15 Points] Consider the function $f(x) = \frac{7x+3}{1-5x}$.

(a) Compute the derivative of f using the limit definition of the derivative.

(b) Compute the derivative of f using the Quotient Rule.

(c) Compute the second derivative f''(x).

5. [10 Points] Find all x-coordinates at which the graph of the function

$$f(x) = (4x+1)^4(7-3x)^8$$

has horizontal tangent lines.

6. [10 Points] Find the equation of the line tangent to the curve $x^3 + x^2y = 6 - 4y^2$ at the point (1, 1).

7. [10 Points] For each of the following functions, compute the derivative of f and simplify your derivative as much as possible into a single fraction.

(a)
$$f(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}$$
.

(b) $f(x) = \left(\frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2 - 1}\right)^3$

OPTIONAL BONUS

Do not attempt this unless you are completely done with the rest of the exam.

OPTIONAL BONUS #1 Compute $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{|x-1| - |x+1| - |x|}{|x| + |2-x| - |x+2|}$